

# THE HONOLULU REPUBLICAN.

VOLUME I, NO. 116.

HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1900.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## DEMOCRATIC RALLY HELD AT ORPHEUM

Large Crowd Out to Hear the Apostles of Bryan.

CHAIRMAN MCCARTHY PRESIDED

LILIKALANI AND BUSH PAY THEIR RESPECTS TO INDEPENDENTS.

E. B. McClanahan Makes a Big Talk Against Imperialism or Something of That Sort—Political Notes.

The Orpheum was the scene to which a large number of democrats wended their way last evening and during the course of the meeting large sections of oratory were turned loose by local speakers as well as by several from the other islands. The platform was tastefully draped with the American and Hawaiian colors, while to the right of the stage was a life-sized painting of the democratic nominee for congress, Prince David Kawananakoa. On the platform were a number of party leaders including Chairman C. J. McCarthy, Thos. Clarke, John W. W. E. K. Lilikalani, John E. Bush, H. J. Moenahan, Frank R. Harvey, S. K. Kahua, E. B. McClanahan and Col. John L. Richardson.

While the crowd was assembling the band struck up a number of patriotic airs and rag-time melodies that seemed to fill a long felt want; their efforts were rewarded by vociferous encouragements, to which the musicians willingly responded. Shortly after 8 o'clock the first speaker of the evening, Thos. Clarke, candidate for territorial senator from Maui, stepped forward and launched out in a rousing address in Hawaiian.

Mr. Clarke was of the opinion that the time had come that Wilcox should be dethroned. To feel this way the speaker stated that he had sacrificed personal friendship for the home rule candidate to that of pure love of country. He believed the deception of the people had gone far enough and that Wilcox, though professing much, had done nothing for the Hawaiians, and the only course open to them was to avail themselves of the opportunity now at hand and aid the democratic party to carry the territory. In closing the speaker insisted that the democratic party was the only panacea for their ills. Mr. Clarke paid a glowing tribute to Prince David and his stand on national affairs.

At the conclusion of Mr. Clarke's remarks John H. Wase was introduced. He aroused some enthusiasm by exclaiming in Hawaiian, "I am a democrat and am proud of it," and then Mr. Wase continued that if he were elected he would carry out democratic principles regardless of personal consequences. His remarks were mainly along the line of an exhortation to the Hawaiians to be loyal to the democratic cause for it was his opinion that under no other party platform would their interests be cared for so carefully. Mr. Wase refrained from touching upon the 16 to 1 silver question and severely ignored the imperialistic bugaboo.

Sugar came in for a good deal of attention from the speaker, but he did not suggest a remedy for the alleged difficulty. Mr. Wase believed that in the event of the election of the democratic ticket on the mainland, Cuba and the Philippines would be freed, hence competition in the sugar industry would be necessarily obviated. In closing he also spoke eloquently of Prince David and his conduct of affairs while at Kansas City last summer. Mr. Wase at the last moment put in a bunch of solid shots for the local ticket and roundly denounced the methods which the opposition parties are using in the campaign.

E. K. Lilikalani was the third speaker and he also addressed his audience in the native tongue. His remarks were in similar strain as his predecessors. The home rule party, according to Mr. Lilikalani, was of wonderful and mysterious construction, and he believed it did not cut much figure in the campaign. In the course of his speech he denounced that political offshoot to several turns, which evidently met with popular approval, if the applause which followed was a criterion.

When John E. Bush took the platform he first devoted his remarks to the English-speaking people in the audience and delivered a lively talk, in which he paid a glowing tribute to the principles and platform of the territorial democratic party. He believed that it appealed to the masses, although some in the audience evidently differed on this point.

The republican platform was given a mild roasting, after which the sugar question was taken up, and the speaker confined his remarks to this phase of the Hawaiian campaign to some length. The wealthy planters came in for a share of denunciation. In alluding to the home rule party, Mr. Bush declared that the United States had given the Hawaiians rights that they never had before under the oligarchy.

In closing Mr. Bush spoke feelingly of the changed condition of island matters, which had done away with that old medieval missionary law which under the old form of government had compelled many a poor and helpless resident to spend some time in prisons and the penitentiary because of non-payment of debt. This is now abolished and many other instances were cited to show that

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

## Shriners Enjoying the Hospitality of the Masonic Brethren of Honolulu



SO FAVORABLY have the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine been impressed with Honolulu and its environs that a movement is on foot among them to have the sailing of the Zealandia postponed until next Sunday. Some of them are anxious to get back home for business reasons and it is a question as yet whether the agitation for a longer stay will carry the day or not. The ladies are in favor of blowing up the boat with dynamite and making this their abode forever and their influence will be on the side of the stay-longers. The ladies, too, have been captivated by the Honolulu shop windows and complain that Honolulu hospitality is so incessant and rapid that they have no time to go shopping according to the itinerary schedule. It is needless to state that Honolulu makes the invitation unanimous for the Shriners and their ladies to remain here forever.

Yesterday morning a special train left over the Oahu railway, carrying seven coach loads of Shriners and local Masonic men and women. The Hawaiian string quartet made music all the way to Waimanalo, the destination. The visitors enjoyed the day in the fullest measure. They were astonished to find a railroad on which the cars rolled as smoothly as do the trains of the Southern Pacific.

At 12 o'clock the party was shown through the big sugar mill on the Waialua plantation and then were hurried on to the Haleiwa hotel, where lunch was served. The splendid appointments of the reception and luncheon under the direction of Walter Dillingham left nothing to be desired. Extra tables were spread in the halls and on the broad lawns and the cuisine was faultless.

Last evening a number of dinner parties were given by the Shriners to small companies of their Honolulu friends at the Haleiwa hotel. The grounds and lawns of that popular hostelry were brilliantly illuminated. Colored incense-burners sparkled in the trees and the Hawaiian quartet furnished good music. The guests were slow to leave the comfortable and pleasant halls and grounds and the hour was late before

all were in their state rooms. The program today begins with a reception by Governor Dole at the capital at 10 o'clock. After the reception the Shriners will be driven to Aiea, with visits to Brother A. S. Cleghorn and Brother Prince David. At the latter place a grand luan will be given at 2 o'clock.

Tomorrow the Shriners will visit Nuuanu Pali. In the evening they will give a reception on board the Zealandia. Included in the transportation committee of Islam Temple is Noble Boaz D. Pike, a native of New York city. In this important capacity Noble Pike has rendered valuable service. During his connection with Islam Temple he has been as the minute men of the Revolutionary period, always for duty at a moment's notice. Mr. Pike is a life member of Columbia Lodge No. 3, F. and A. M., of Washington, D. C. He has been on the Pacific coast for a quarter of a century and has won a host of friends in and out of Masonic circles. He is also a staunch republican. Mrs. George S. Pike, his wife, who accom-

panied him, is a native of Tennessee. Mrs. Pike is a lady of charming personality. Noble George F. Neal, chairman of the festival committee, is a member of California Commandery No. 1, K. T. He is in the prime of life, with a physique which would classify him anywhere as a stalwart. Noble Neal is the founder and manager of the Commercial Publishing company, which owns "The Daily Commercial News and Shipping List." Noble Neal is deeply interested in fraternal matters and as a Shriner is ever ready to work or pay in advancing the interests of Islam Temple. He worked faithfully as a committeeman and ought to have a royal time on the pilgrimage. Noble Neal is accompanied on the excursion by his mother, Mrs. S. S. Neal, and Mrs. L. Dankin, a prominent society lady of San Francisco.

Among the members of the transportation committee and one who in such position has been most efficient, having promptly discharged his duties to the minutest details, is Noble A. F. Gunn. This gentleman has always taken an active

part in all work that pertains to the advancement of Islam Temple and always enjoys its ceremonies. His wife, Mrs. A. F. Gunn, a cultured and refined lady of genial spirit, accompanies him and greatly enjoys the pleasures of the excursion.

Noble James W. Burnham is an enthusiastic member of Islam Temple and is one of the excursion party who takes a decided interest in all that is to be seen in the Hawaiian tour. Noble Burnham is also a pioneer, having a membership in that grand old historic organization whose members laid the foundations of the state of California in 1849. Mr. Burnham has always kept step with the spirit of progress characteristic of San Francisco. Noble Burnham is a highly esteemed member of California Commandery No. 1, K. T., for the past twenty-four years. He is likewise a member of Alameda Chapter, R. A. M., and of Mt. Moriah Lodge No. 44, F. and A. M. He is accompanied on his trip with Islam Temple by his wife, Mrs. Sarah J. Burnham, who is an estimable lady and has a host of friends.

in printed and bound form for the members of the association. It treats fully the work of the year and while exhaustive is written in an exceedingly clear and attractive style.

Manager Ahrens of Oahu plantation made an interesting report on the workings of a system of manufacture in use on the Oahu plantation by which the sugar was crystallized while in motion. This report brought out considerable discussion.

The question of best labor-saving machines for the cutting, loading and planting of cane was discussed and the matter is now in the hands of a committee to prepare an advertisement, offering prizes and stating terms for machines of the best types, the prizes to be awarded by a committee of practical men.

A new board of trustees was elected as follows: F. A. Schaefer, president; C. Folte, vice president; H. A. Isenberger, treasurer; Wm. Pfotenhamer, secretary; J. P. Atherton, auditor; H. P. Baldwin, W. G. Irwin and Geo. H. Robertson, directors.

The association will continue its sessions today and from the interest manifested it is expected a larger attendance will be present.

Public Luan.

Prince David will give a public luan at his Waikiki place this evening. Free transportation has been arranged for on the cars of the tram company between the hours of 6 and 8 p. m. Everybody invited.

WANT HAWAIIAN PLANTERS TO ACT IN UNISON

Members of Sugar Planters' Association Meet and Discuss Plans for Future Work.

Chas. M. Cooke, the retiring president, called the twentieth annual meeting of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' association together at the auditorium of the Young Men's Christian association yesterday morning. A portion of President Cooke's address was mainly along the line of a resume of the work accomplished since the organization of the association. The speaker touched at length upon the effects of the contract system and the adaptation of the past work system for laborers whereby the plantation managers might act in unison and prevent united action on the part of the laborers in their demands for excessive wages.

It was announced that Dr. Maxwell's place as director of the experiment station would be filled by R. E. Boutin, who has had nine years' experience under Dr. Stubbs and comes highly recommended by both gentlemen as eminently fitted for the work.

It was also stated that the association proposed to erect a laboratory building at the experiment station.

Dr. Maxwell's report of the work of the experiment station was presented

and in printed and bound form for the members of the association. It treats fully the work of the year and while exhaustive is written in an exceedingly clear and attractive style.

Manager Ahrens of Oahu plantation made an interesting report on the workings of a system of manufacture in use on the Oahu plantation by which the sugar was crystallized while in motion. This report brought out considerable discussion.

The question of best labor-saving machines for the cutting, loading and planting of cane was discussed and the matter is now in the hands of a committee to prepare an advertisement, offering prizes and stating terms for machines of the best types, the prizes to be awarded by a committee of practical men.

A new board of trustees was elected as follows: F. A. Schaefer, president; C. Folte, vice president; H. A. Isenberger, treasurer; Wm. Pfotenhamer, secretary; J. P. Atherton, auditor; H. P. Baldwin, W. G. Irwin and Geo. H. Robertson, directors.

The association will continue its sessions today and from the interest manifested it is expected a larger attendance will be present.

Public Luan.

Prince David will give a public luan at his Waikiki place this evening. Free transportation has been arranged for on the cars of the tram company between the hours of 6 and 8 p. m. Everybody invited.

## WORK OF THE TRUSTS IN CITY OF HONOLULU

Their Operations Retarding Growth of the Town.

PRICES ADVANCED BY COMBINE

PROFITS OF LUMBER TRUST ARE OVER 100 PER CENT.

Building of Homes at a Standstill Because of the Trust's Exactions—Contractors at Their Mercy.

The Republican presents interviews with some of the prominent contractors this morning on the lumber trust, which is throttling the life out of Honolulu. It also tells something about the workings of the lumber trust, which is ably seconding the lumber trust in the latter's efforts to prevent the growth and advancement of this city. It is a notorious fact that no building has been done in this city in the last six months by men of moderate means, aside from some small frame storehouses for the use of Chinese and built by Chinese workmen. Men of moderate incomes who have desired to build homes have been precluded from doing so by the enormous exactions of the lumber trust. As is pointed out in the interviews given herewith, small cottages that could have been built two years ago for \$1,000 and ought to be built now for \$2,000 or less, and still leave a good profit for the lumber dealer, cannot be built for less than \$2,000 today.

Seeing the success of the lumber trust in holding up the people of Honolulu the plumbers have organized a trust and they too are trying the holding up process as seen by the interview with Mr. Lightfoot telling his experiences as manager of the Sanitary Steam Laundry company.

## HOW PLUMBING TRUST HOLDS UP BUILDERS

"This robbery has gone just about far enough," said J. Lightfoot, the manager of the Sanitary Steam Laundry, yesterday to a Republican reporter. "Last week F. J. Cross, one of the local plumbers, came to me and read a bid for the plumbing contract for the Sanitary Steam Laundry. I thought that it was peculiar that he should read the bid. All bids are tendered under seal. As he finished reading I reached out my hand to take the bid, but he refused to give it to me.

"I cannot give this to you now," he said. 'The Master Plumbers' Association meets tonight and I have to submit it to them.'

"Well, I looked at the man. 'Submit it to them?' For what? I asked. 'Oh, they will fix it up all right. They will decide upon the bids,' he answered evasively.

"Well, I told Mr. Cross, and told him plainly, that the business lay strictly between Mr. E. J. Cross and the Sanitary Steam Laundry. I also told him that, when the Master Plumbers' Association became managers of the Sanitary Steam Laundry they could draw their pay accordingly.

"Now, when a private corporation is forced to take whatever bids an outside party says it shall take, things have gone just about far enough. What shall we do when the Master Plumbers' Association says, 'You shall not take this bid, nor this bid, but you must and shall take that other bid?' Shall we sit idly by and say 'Yes,' and not do a thing to stop it? Well, before the Master Plumbers' Association holds any strings on the Sanitary Steam Laundry they will get all they want.

"Our contract calls for about \$10,000 worth of work. That is altogether too big an affair to be hampered or hindered by a ring. If we let out the contract we want the thing done as soon as possible. What's more, if the Master Plumbers' Association persists in its attempt to force us into accepting the bid of E. J. Cross, or anyone else, we will bring tools and men down from the coast and do the work ourselves.

John Emmeluth In It.

"Just to show you what a hold the plumbers have on this city, I will tell you of a little experience I had the other day. I went into John Emmeluth's store and asked him what he wanted for a certain nickel-plated fixture that stood near by.

"Thirty-nine dollars" was his reply. "Well, Mr. Emmeluth, I have heard that you cannot sell that fixture. Here's \$20. Send it up to my home at once, will you, please?"

"Well, who's going to put it in for you?" he asked.

"Oh," I replied, "I'm not going to put it in. I'm going to put it up in my drawing room, where I can admire it. It's pretty and artistic and I want it where I can see it quite often."

"Well, he refused to sell it. He said he could not. Isn't it nice to be bound hand and foot like that?"

"I had another experience the other day which also served to open my eyes to the existing conditions of robbery here in this city. Three months ago I let out a contract for a small cottage to a local contractor. The contract also called for plumbing work which amounted to \$200. A week or so ago I had occasion to let

(Continued on Eighth Page.)